CORPORATE GOVERNANCE POLICY

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE POLICY- DRAFT

1. PREAMBLE

The Corporate Governance Policy ('Policy') provides the framework under which the Board of Directors operate. It includes Company's corporate structure, culture, policies and the manner in which it deals with various stakeholders. The Policy has been aligned with the Companies Act, 2013 ('Act'), SEBI (Listing Obligations and Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ('SEBI Listing Regulations') and the provisions of Corporate Governance guidelines as stipulated by the Master Direction – Core Investment Company (Reserve Bank) Directions, 2016 as amended.

2. BOARD OF DIRECTORS

The Board is responsible to act in the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. In discharging their duties, the Directors shall comply with the Code of Conduct as adopted by the Board. The Board of Directors shall have an optimum combination of executive and non-executive directors with at least one independent woman director and not less than fifty per cent. of the board of directors shall comprise of non-executive directors. Provided that where the regular non-executive chairperson is a promoter of the Company or is related to any promoter or person occupying management positions at the level of board of directors of the listed entity shall consist of independent directors.

3. BOARD MEETINGS

Meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held at least four times a year, with a maximum time gap of not more than one hundred and twenty days between any two consecutive meetings. The minimum information to be statutorily made available to the Board, pursuant to the applicable guidelines, Securities and Exchange Board of India (Listing Obligations & Disclosure Requirements) Regulations, 2015 ("SEBI Listing Regulations") shall be furnished to the Directors.

4. COMMITTEES OF THE BOARD

The committees constituted by the Board are as follows:

1. Audit Committee:

The Audit Committee shall consist of not less than two-third members as Independent directors with Chairman also being an independent director. The Committee shall meet at least four times a year, with a maximum time gap of not more than one hundred and twenty days between any two meetings. The quorum for the meeting shall either be two members or one third of the members of the audit committee, whichever is greater, with at least two independent directors. The Committee shall be governed by the provisions of the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations,

RBI guidelines and terms of reference of the Committee.

2. Nomination and Remuneration Committee

The Nomination and Remuneration Committee shall consist of at least three nonexecutive directors with not less than two-third being independent directors including the Chairperson. The Committee shall meet at least once in a year. The quorum for a meeting shall be either two members or one third of the members of the committee, whichever is greater, including at least one independent director in attendance. The Committee shall be governed by the provisions of the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations, RBI guidelines and terms of reference of the Committee.

3. Stakeholders Relationship Committee

The Company shall constitute a Stakeholders Relationship Committee to look into various aspects of interest of shareholders, debenture holders and other security holders. The Committee shall consist of not less than three directors, with at least one Independent director and Chairman being a Non-executive director. The Committee shall meet at least once in a year. The Committee shall be governed by the provisions of the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations and terms of reference of the Committee.

4. Risk Management Committee

The Committee shall have a minimum of three members with majority of them being members of the board of directors, including at least one independent director. The Chairperson of the Risk management committee shall be a member of the board of directors and senior executives of the listed entity may be members of the committee. The Committee shall meet at least twice a year and not more than one hundred and eighty days or such time period prescribed by SEBI shall elapse between any two consecutive meetings. The quorum for a meeting of the committee shall be either two members or one third of the members of the committee, whichever is higher, including at least one member of the board of directors in attendance. The Committee shall be governed by the provisions of the Act, SEBI Listing Regulations, RBI guidelines and terms of reference of the Committee.

5. Corporate Social Responsibility Committee

The Committee shall have three or more Directors, out of which at least one director shall be an independent director. The Committee shall formulate and recommend to the Board, a Corporate Social Responsibility Policy which shall indicate the activities to be undertaken by the Company.

6. Asset Liability Management Committee (ALCO)

The Committee shall consist of the Company's top management and shall be responsible for ensuring adherence to the risk tolerance/ limits set by the Board as

well as implementing the liquidity risk management strategy of the Company. The Managing Director / Chief Executive Officer or Executive Director shall head the Committee. In addition, the Board may constitute such other Committees in line with the best practices and operational requirement, from time to time.

5. VIGIL MECHANISM

The Company shall formulate a vigil mechanism / whistle blower policy to enable directors and employees to report genuine concerns about unethical behaviour actual or suspected fraud or violation of Company's Code of Conduct. The vigil mechanism / whistle blower policy shall provide a mechanism for an individual to report violations without fear of victimisation. The policy shall be hosted on the website of the Company.

6. FIT & PROPER CRITERIA

The Company shall have in place a Board approved policy for ascertaining the fit and proper criteria of the directors at the time of appointment, and on a continuing basis. The Company must obtain a declaration and undertaking from the directors giving additional information on the directors and a Deed of Covenant signed by the directors, in the format prescribed.

The Company shall furnish to RBI, a quarterly statement on change of directors, and a certificate that fit and proper criteria in selection of the directors has been followed. The statement must reach the Regional Office of the Department of Supervision of the Bank where the company is registered, within 15 days of the close of the respective quarter. The statement submitted by applicable NBFC for the quarter ending March 31, shall be certified by the auditors.

7. DISCLOSURE AND TRANSPARENCY

The Company shall put up to the Board of Directors or its Committee, at regular intervals, as may be prescribed by the Board in this regard, the following:

- i. the progress made in putting in place a progressive risk management system and risk management policy and strategy followed by the Company;
- ii. conformity with corporate governance standards viz., in composition of various committees, their role and functions, periodicity of the meetings and compliance with coverage and review functions, etc. The Company shall also disclose the following in their Annual Financial Statements: i. registration/ licence/ authorisation, by whatever name called, obtained from other financial sector regulators; ii. ratings assigned by credit rating agencies and migration of ratings during the year;
- iii. Penalties, if any, levied by any regulator;
- iv. information namely, area, country of operation and joint venture partners with

regard to Joint ventures and overseas subsidiaries and

v. Asset-Liability maturity, credit impaired loans and movement of credit impaired loans, details of all off-balance sheet exposures and other disclosures, as may be prescribed by Reserve Bank of India from time to time.

8. ROTATION OF THE STATUTORY AUDITORS AUDIT FIRM

In order to protect the independence of the auditors/audit firms, Company is required to appoint the Statutory Auditors for a continuous period of three years, subject to the firms satisfying the eligibility norms each year.

An audit firm would not be eligible for reappointment in the same Entity for six years (two tenures) after completion of full or part of one term of the audit tenure. These provisions shall be read with the 'Guidelines for Appointment of Statutory Central Auditors (SCAs)/ Statutory Auditors (SAs)' dated 27 April 2021, issued by Reserve Bank of India and as amended from time to time.

9. Executive Director / Managing Director/CFO CERTIFICATION

The Managing Director or Executive Directorand the CFO shall, as per the provisions of the Act and applicable regulations of SEBI Listing Regulations, make the necessary certifications regarding the Financial Statements, internal controls, etc. to the Board. The Company shall abide by the RBI's directions on Internal Guidelines on Corporate Governance, Listing Regulations, and provisions of the Act pertaining to Corporate Governance.

10. AMENDMENTS

The policy shall be subject to review by the Board from time to time. The Board may, subject to applicable law, amend, suspend or rescind this Policy at any time. Any difficulties or ambiguities in this Policy will be resolved by the Board, in line with the broad intent of this Policy, as and when required.

11. CHANGE IN LAW

In case of any subsequent changes in the provisions of the Act or further rules and regulations / guidelines from the Reserve Bank of India including the Master Direction on CIC or any other regulations which makes any of the provisions of this Policy inconsistent, then the provisions of the Act or such other regulations / Directions would prevail over this Policy and the relevant provisions contained in the Policy would be modified accordingly in due course to make it consistent with applicable laws.